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1  Script for Kansas test case KANSAS01 (Part 1)
2  ATM419/563 Spring 2022
3
4  * ----- preliminaries ----- *
5  * make a directory in your lab space called KANSAS, and move into it
6  * copy $LAB/KANSAS/SETUP.TAR and unpack it  (tar -xvf SETUP.TAR)
7  * execute sh make_all_links.sh
8
9  * ----- geogrid ----- *
10  srun -p snow -n 4 geogrid.exe      Look for: "Successful completion of geogrid."
11                                     Ignore "OpenFabrics" warnings
12  ncl plotgrids.ncl                 Click on NCL window to dismiss
13
14  csh max.csh MAPFAC_M geo_em.d01.nc    [stuff in grey == optional]
15
16  ncview geo_em.d01.nc
17  [select 2D variable MAPFAC_M from drop down menu]
18
19  * ----- ungrib ----- *
20  link_grib.csh $LAB/DATA/GFS_2016031300/gfs.*
21  ls -al GRIBFILE*                  [make sure everything is OK]
22
23  wgrib2 GRIBFILE.AAA | more         [looking at contents]
24
25  cp Vtable.GFS Vtable               [select correct Vtable!]
26
27  UNGRIB CAN BE TIME-CONSUMING AND CAUSE RESOURCE CONTENTION
28  Listen for which option we will use for this demonstration
29  Ungrib is done when you see: "Successful completion of ungrib."
30
31  Option (A): Run ungrib using srun
32  srun -p snow ungrib.exe             (output goes to screen)
33
34  Option (B): Submit ungrib as a batch job
35  sbatch -p snow submit_ungrib
36  tail -f ug.srun.out                 Break out of tail with ctrl-C
37
38  Option (C): Link to prepared ungrib outputs
39  ln -s $LAB/KANSAS/UNGRIB/FILE* .
40
41  Ungrib makes 11 gigabytes worth of outputs...
42  ls FILE*
43
44  ncl plotfmt.ncl 'filename="FILE:2016-03-13_00"' [EXACTLY AS SHOWN]
45  [That ends with a double quote followed by a single quote]
46  [Click to advance to next field. Ctrl-C to break out when you're done]

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47 * ----- metgrid -----*
48 srun -p snow -n 4 metgrid.exe
49 tail -f metgrid.log.0000      [look for Successful completion of program metgrid.exe]
50 ls met_em*
51
52 ncdump -h met_em.d01.2016-03-13_00:00:00.nc | more      [TAB COMPLETION!]
53
54 [Notice is says num_metgrid_levels = 27 in the header information]
55 [Note in namelist.input, we specify num_metgrid_levels = 27]
56
57 * ----- TOUR of batch scripts -----*
58 (see PPT)
59
60 * ----- real.exe -----*
61 sbatch -p snow submit_real
62
63 [NOTE JOB NUMBER ASSIGNED. Example: Submitted batch job 774952]
64 [check job status as directed]
65 squeue -u yournetid
66
67 [when job is finished, check 'tail' of rsl.out.0000 file with 'trsl' command.
68     Make sure it says "SUCCESS COMPLETE REAL_EM INIT"]
69 trsl
70
71 ls -al wrfbdy* wrfin*
72
73 * ----- wrf.exe -----*
74 sbatch -p snow submit_wrf
75
76 [check job status as directed. WRF runs should take about 3 minutes.]
77 squeue -u [yournetid]
78
79 * ----- while WRF is running -----*
80 * ----- look at wrfinput_d01 -----*
81 • visualize our model domain terrain using GrADS
82 w2g control_file.real real_grads      [creates real_gradsctl, real_grads.dat]
83 [GrADS: slide 33 figure was created from real_gradsctl using terrain.gs]
84
85 • visualize our model domain using Python [see slide 34]
86     ssh reed.atmos.albany.edu [or ash.atmos.albany.edu]
87     cd /spare11/NWP/yournetid
88     cp ../plot_terrain_wrfpython.ipynb .
89     cp ../plot_vertical_cross_section_wrfpython.ipynb .
90     From Jupyter notebook, click NWP link, launch
91     plot_terrain_wrfpython.ipynb
92     Edit cell 2 for the location of your geogrid output file

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93 • examine model vertical grid (see slides 45, 46)
94 dopython
95 python read_wrfinput.py wrfinput_d01
96
97 * monitor WRF run
98 trsl (ctrl-c to break out)
99
100 * ----- TOUR of namelist.input settings ----- *
101 (see PPT)
102 * ----- when WRF job finishes ----- *
103 [check for successful completion with 'trsl']
104
105 ls -l wrfout_d01*
106
107 [control_file already configured to read in that wrfout file]
108 [control_file.3Ds processes WRF model output on model (s=sigma) levels]
109 w2g control_file.3Ds kansas01
110
111 * ----- look at kansas01.ctl ----- *
112 open kansas01.ctl in GrADS [GrADS commands follow]
113 white
114 set mpdset hires (specifies nicer looking coastlines, etc.)
115 step.gs slvl 1 49 4
116
117 c
118 set t 13
119 wind.gs (see slide 49)
120
121 * looking at a single point, near Wichita, KS. Daytime will be ~ 12Z to 00Z
122 c
123 set t 1 49
124 set z 1
125 set lat 38
126 set lon -97
127 d swdown
128
129 c
130 set z 1 10 (lowest 10 model levels, NOT linear with height)
131 d mag(u,v) (what time of day is near-surface wind fastest?)
132 c
133 d theta (look at 296 K contour @18Z day 1, 300 K day 2)
134 (what time of day is vertical stability smallest?)
135
136 set z 10 (at what time of day is vertical shear largest?)
137 d mag(u,v) (wind speed at ~1500m above ground level = AGL)
138 d mag(u10,v10) (wind speed at 10m AGL)

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139  c
140  set z 1 10
141  set lon -105                (near Pueblo, CO)
142  d theta
143  c
144  d mag(u,v)*2.24            (wind speed in mph – arithmetic is possible)
145
146  * ----- make or copy kansas01_z.ctl ----- *
147  * ----- OR cp $LAB/KANSAS/kansas01_z* .
148  * this file has model fields interpolated to height coordinates
149
150  w2g control_file.3Dz kansas01_z
151  open kansas01_z in GrADS
152  set t 13
153  vert_xz.gs                (W-E vertical x-section along 38N; see slide 50)
154
155  * ----- *
156  Python script for plotting vertical cross section (see slide 51):
157  /spare11/NWP/plot_vertical_cross_section_wrfpython.ipynb

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