



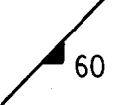
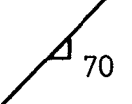
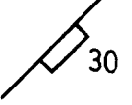

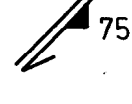








# STRUCTURE SYMBOLS

- 
 GEOLOGIC CONTACT  
 (exposed, approximate, covered)
- 
 THRUST FAULT  
 (exposed, approximate, projected, covered)
- 
 UNSPECIFIED FAULT  
 (exposed, approximate, projected, covered)
- 
 DIP SLIP FAULT  
 (exposed, approximate, projected, covered;  
 tick points down dip)

## Foliations

- 
 PRINCIPAL SCHISTOSITY parallel to layering and axial planar to tight/isoclinal folds
- 
 CLEAVAGE younger than schistosity and axial planar to open/tight folds
- 
 CLEAVAGE OR PLANE parallel to crenulation axial surface younger than first cleavage
- 
 MYLONITIC FOLIATION
- 
 OBLIQUE CRENULATION CLEAVAGE barbs indicating shear sense viewed down OCC dip
- 
 SLICKENSIDE SURFACE AND STRIATION

## Lineations and Fold Axes

- 
 MINERAL ALIGNMENT
- 
 TIGHT/ISOCLINAL FOLD AXIS in layering
- 
 OPEN/TIGHT FOLD AXIS in schistosity
- 
 CRENULATION AXIS younger than second axes
- 
 INTERSECTION of planes

## Structure Section

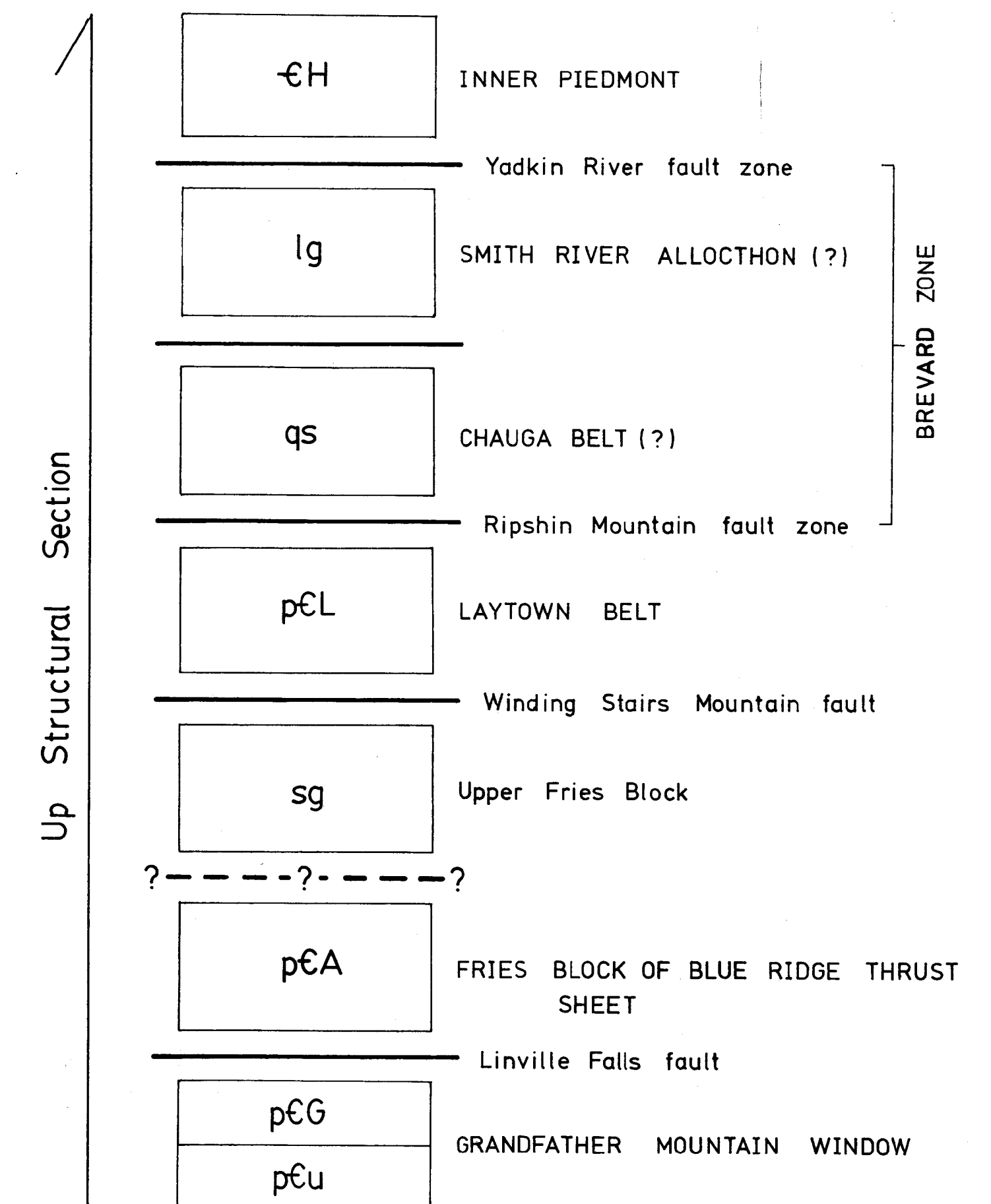


FIGURE 2-1C  
 EXPLANATION OF GEOLOGIC MAP - STRUCTURE